

Clare College, Cambridge

Financial statements

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Contents

Contents	Page
Governing Body, Committees and Advisors	2 - 3
Aims and Objectives of the College	4
Financial Review	5 - 9
Statement of Corporate Governance	10
Statement of Internal Control	11
Responsibilities of the Governing Body	12
Independent Auditors' Report to the Governing Body	13 - 14
Statement of Principal Accounting Policies	15 - 17
Consolidated Income and Expenditure Account	18
Consolidated Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses	19
Consolidated Balance Sheet	20
Consolidated Cashflow Statement	21
Notes to the Financial Statements	22 - 32

Governing Body, Committees and Advisors for the year ended 30 June 2011

The College is a corporate body consisting of the Master, the Fellows and the Scholars of Clare College, Cambridge as provided by the College's charter in 1359 and statutes made in 2001. The College's registered office is at Trinity Lane, Cambridge, CB2 1TL. On 17 August 2010 the Charity Commission confirmed the College as a registered charity with registration number 1137531.

The names of the members of the Governing Body and the Committees charged with the governance of the College during the year ended 30 June 2011 were as follows:

Governing Body

Master: Professor A J Badger
Senior Tutor: Dr P Fara
Bursar: Mr D P Hearn

Professor P M Allmendinger	Dr N C Holdstock	Dr A M Stillman
Professor N H Andrews	Professor A S Holmes	Dr J A Tasioulas
Professor A P Balmford	Dr K E Hughes	Professor A G Thomason
Dr P D Bristowe	Dr H F Jahn	Dr F Toxvaerd
Mr T C Brown	Mr A L Johnson	Professor L K Tyler
Dr W J Byrne	Mr S W C Jolley	Dr H W van Veen
Dr R G Cacho	Dr P H Jones	Dr M Weeks
Dr A Carter	Dr P F Knewstubb	Dr C G Weiss
Professor P A Cartledge	Dr T W Knighton	Dr T A H Wilkinson
Professor C J Clarke	Dr M M Lahr	Dr N H Woodcock
Professor N S Clayton	Dr S Lazar	Professor J Woodhouse
Dr N Crilly	Professor P F Leadley	Dr G H Wright
Dr S M Dalby	Dr I Lestas	Mr A Haines, MCR President
Dr C H Duff	Dr T M Lewens	Mr J Tiffin, UCS President to 1 April 2011
Dr M Dunajski	Dr A Manica	Mr M Chonofsky, UCS President
Dr F L Edmonds	Dr K E McDougall	from 1 April 2011
Dr P A W Edwards	Dr T Moore	
Dr P B Faulkner	Dr R G R Naismith	
Professor P C Fletcher	Dr G I Ogilvie	
Dr T Follini	Dr G F Parker	
Professor P J Ford	Professor L C Paulson	
Dr W A Foster	Mr M J Petty	
Dr E A Foyster	Professor R T Phillips	
Professor S C Franklin	Dr A Philpott	
Mrs E M Freeman	Dr T Potts	
Dr A D Friend	Professor J Prabhu	
Dr M Frolova-Walker	Dr A Preston	
Dr J S Gibson	Dr W A Pullan	
Dr J Glaudic	Dr W N Quillen	
Professor R C Glen	Dr K F Riley	
Dr J M Goodman	Dr C A Russell	
Professor N C Greenham	Dr H L Sanson	
Professor H Griffiths	Dr R S Schofield	
Dr J A Guy	The Rev'd Dr G J N Seach	
Dr R M Harris	Dr R K Semple	
Professor W A Harris	Professor A S Sinclair	
Dr D Hedley	Professor M Sprik	
Professor D A Hodell	Professor R Sterckx	

All members of the Finance Committee and Council on appointment are given copies of the Statutes of the College and a note drawing attention to the policy for the management of conflicts of interest and the requirements of the Charity Commission regarding such conflicts of interest.

Governing Body, Committees and Advisors for the year ended 30 June 2011

Council

The Master
 Dr Fara (Senior Tutor)
 Mr Hearn (Bursar)
 Dr Hughes (Admissions Tutor)
 Professor Clayton (Graduate Tutor)
 Dr Tasioulas (Financial Tutor)
 Dr Edmonds
 Dr Friend
 Dr Glaurdic
 Dr Dunajski
 Dr Frolova-Walker
 Professor Hodell
 Mr Petty (Steward)
 Mr Haines (MCR President)
 Mr Tiffin (UCS President to 1 April 2011)
 Mr Chonofsky (UCS President from 1 April 2011)

Finance Committee

The Master
 Mr Hearn (Bursar)
 Dr Tasioulas (Financial Tutor)
 Dr Fara (Senior Tutor)
 Mr Petty (Steward)
 Professor Allmendinger
 Professor Glen
 Professor Greenham
 Dr Guy
 Professor Phillips
 Professor Thomason
 Dr Wilkinson (Development Director)
 Mr Shepley (MCR Treasurer)
 Mr Forster (UCS Treasurer to 1 April 2011)
 Mr Manzi (UCS Treasurer from 1 April 2011)

Auditors

Prentis & Co LLP
 Chartered Accountants
 115c Milton Road
 Cambridge CB4 1XE

Solicitors

Mills & Reeve LLP
 Francis House
 112 Hills Road
 Cambridge CB2 1PH

Property Managers

Bidwells Property Consultants
 Trumpington Road
 Cambridge CB2 2LD

Investments Committee

The Master
 Mr Hearn (Bursar)
 Mr Cumming (Clare alumnus)
 Mr Haynes (Clare alumnus)
 Professor Ostriker
 Mr Smithers (Clare alumnus)
 Mr Smout (Clare alumnus)
 Mr Spiers (Clare alumnus)

Stipends and Salaries Committee

Professor Glen
 Professor Greenham
 Mr Howarth

Audit Committee

Professor Glen
 Professor Prabhu
 Mr Smith (Clare alumnus)
 Mr Moulder (Clare alumnus)

Estates Committee

Professor Phillips
 Professor Allmendinger
 Professor Balmford
 Professor Glen
 Dr Lazar
 Dr van Veen
 Mr Petty (Steward)
 Mr Hearn (Bursar)

Bankers

Barclays Bank plc
 9-11 St Andrews Street
 Cambridge CB2 3AA

Investment Fund Managers

State Street Global Advisors
 25 Bank Street
 London E14 5LE

Aims and Objectives of the College for the year ended 30 June 2011

The College's strategic plan sets out the College's long term aims in the context of accelerating national and global changes as follows:

- to maintain its emphasis on the individual in academic and pastoral provision; to deliver a world-class undergraduate education by safeguarding the provision of small-group teaching through the College-based supervision system, increasingly rare amongst the world's top research universities; and to achieve excellence in education at both undergraduate and postgraduate levels while maintaining pastoral support through the tutorial system;
- to support a community of Fellows, students and staff, allowing the benefits of a large, internationally renowned university to be realised in a small-scale and close-knit community;
- to foster and support a community of active alumni contributing to the life and future of the College;
- to promote academic research of the highest quality;
- to maintain and enhance the endowments and benefactions, historic buildings and grounds of the College for the benefit of future generations.

Remaining an independent foundation within a collegiate University is fundamental to the College's long-term strategy. The College endorses the University's mission and core values and agrees that the partnership between the University and the Colleges is central to Cambridge's future development. The College will continue to play an active role in University bodies and in formulating University policy.

Within the collegiate University, Clare offers distinctive strengths. The College is committed to sustaining and enhancing its particular contribution to Cambridge and to society in general, by:

- maintaining and developing its long-standing commitment to encouraging applications from the most talented students, irrespective of background, in tandem with a needs-blind admissions system supported by a comprehensive programme of financial assistance;
- building on the College's strong international links to provide students with further opportunities for educational and cultural exchanges, recognising the importance of such exchanges in an increasingly global society;
- supporting active engagement by the College and its members in the local community and in community activities nationally and internationally;
- fostering excellence in music, through support of the College Choir, the choral and organ scholarships and instrumental awards.

Financial Review for the year ended 30 June 2011

During the year the College continued to pursue its charitable aims in promoting learning, study and teaching in a community of scholars in the University of Cambridge. The intense pressures on students to achieve the highest academic standards place heavy demands on the College. Clare alumni who were themselves taught by the leading academics of their generation in one-to-one supervisions or small groups understand those pressures, and the need for financial resources to meet them. Clare's financial resources are provided both by our alumni, through donations (which are increasingly vital if we are to maintain our high standards), and by our own operations, as we recognise a clear need to run the College as an efficient organisation.

Standards at the top of Higher Education in global terms are continuing to rise. Clare is determined to stay in the top echelon. Last year this meant spending £7,287 on each undergraduate student, mainly on the intensive support provided by the individual's Director of Studies and supervisors. The total cost of educating 479 undergraduates and supporting 165 fee-paying graduate students came to £4,074,000, which can only be sustained through the generosity of benefactors. The tax payer makes a useful contribution, paying £3,861 for each undergraduate by way of the College Fee, but this leaves a shortfall of £3,426 for each undergraduate student, amounting to 47% of the total cost.

Substantial changes to Higher Education funding and student finance are being introduced from 2012/13. This has resulted in a review of the College Fee received by Clare for teaching undergraduates and it will also result in Clare students having to pay substantially higher fees themselves, with a commensurate need for increased bursary provision. Increased levels of debt for students will also inevitably lead to heavy pressure on Clare's hardship funds.

Doubts about the future make it essential for Clare to reach a self-financing position. The College aims to raise sufficient funds from benefactors to preserve small-group teaching for undergraduates, to support graduate study and also to provide bursaries in support of Clare undergraduates from low income backgrounds. This will entail a significant challenge in raising additional income streams, while continuing to exercise tight constraints on spending.

Financial Results

The College achieved a Net Surplus of £764,000, as set out in the Income and Expenditure Account on page 18. This included £536,000 of donations of a revenue nature. In addition, new endowments amounting to £1,098,000 have been credited to the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses on page 19. The financial results over the last five years were:

Year ended 30 June	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Operating income	11.0	11.1	10.8	9.6	9.0
Exceptional income	—	<u>0.5</u>	—	—	<u>1.6</u>
	11.0	11.6	10.8	9.6	10.6
Expenditure	<u>10.1</u>	<u>10.0</u>	<u>9.8</u>	<u>8.9</u>	<u>7.9</u>
Net Surplus	<u>0.8</u>	<u>1.6</u>	<u>1.0</u>	<u>0.7</u>	<u>2.7</u>

The College's financial position can be described as being adequate without in any way being comfortable. There is still much to be done in providing accommodation for graduate students, refurbishing the historic buildings and raising sufficient bursary funds to support students in hardship.

Financial Review

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Benefactions and Donations

The College is very grateful for the many donations and bequests from Clare members, well-wishers, corporate donors, trusts and foundations which totalled £1,860,000 including the recovery of Gift Aid. This included significant gifts towards endowing the College's musical provision and the establishment of new bursaries. One-fifth of alumni make an annual donation to the College; this is among the highest participation rates in Cambridge and is twice the Oxbridge college average, reflecting the loyalty of Clare alumni and the College's sustained investment in development. The donations and fund raising costs over the last five years were:

Year ended 30 June	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Donations	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Lerner Court	0.2	0.3	1.7	2.6	2.5
Other	<u>1.7</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>0.7</u>	<u>0.8</u>	<u>0.7</u>
	1.9	2.3	2.4	3.4	3.2
Fundraising costs	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3
Costs as % of donations	18%	13%	17%	9%	9%

Main Endowment

The market value of the main investment portfolio at 30 June 2011 was £69.5 million, invested in global equities (61%), commercial property in the UK (16%) and short-dated bonds and deposits (23%). The recovery in the equity markets to the end of June had a positive impact on the value of the College's portfolio resulting in a total return of 14.5% (2010:17.5%), as set out below:

Year ended 30 June	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Investment assets	69.5	61.3	51.4	66.0	73.9
Actual net income	2.5	2.2	2.6	3.2	3.2
Gains (losses)	<u>6.1</u>	<u>6.7</u>	<u>(9.5)</u>	<u>(6.6)</u>	<u>4.1</u>
Total return	8.6	8.9	(6.9)	(3.4)	7.3
Endowment drawdown	2.6	2.9	3.4	3.0	2.9
	4.2%	5.7%	5.1%	4.1%	4.4%

The College is able to invest for the very long term as it is free from volatility pressures. With investment returns showing long-term negative serial correlation, the College believes that equity markets were significantly over-valued at 30 June 2011 and that equity markets will continue to be volatile over the next year. The College considers that the most efficient way to meet the long term target of 80% in equities is by the averaging of the re-investment into equities at £1 million each month when the S&P Index is below 1100.

The equity portfolio is invested in global tracker funds with 39% in UK, 23% in US, 13% in Europe, 9% in Japan, 9% in Emerging Markets and 7% in the Pacific Rim. Half the Euro currency exposure was hedged; this resulted in a loss of £333,000 in the year following a profit of £259,000 in the previous year. Other foreign currency exposures are not hedged.

The Endowment is invested on a Total Return basis. The total actual income and gains/losses in the year are taken to a reserve, from which the planned Endowment drawdown is released to the Income and Expenditure Account. The remaining balance of the Total Return, after deducting the drawdown, is accumulated within the reserves, as set out in Note 20, which shows an accumulated surplus of £18.2 million on the main Endowment.

Financial Review for the year ended 30 June 2011

The College has achieved a total return of 7.6% p.a. (including inflation) since 2005 in line with the long-term target. Each year the planned drawdown from the Endowment increases by 3.5% to give a steady "dividend" flow to support the work of the College. The drawdown, which is the amount taken out of the Endowment as spendable income, amounted to £2,570,000 in 2011 as compared to the net investment income actually received of £2,455,000. The realised and unrealised gains on the portfolio amounted to £6,147,000. This resulted in a positive total return of £8,602,000 as set out in Note 3a. The Endowment drawdown of £2,570,000 represented 4.2% of the value of Clare's Endowment at the start of the year which was in line with the target range of no more than 4.5% and no less than 4.0% of the trailing three year average of the Endowment value. The aim is to draw down sufficient each year to support the specific activities designated by the donors while protecting the Endowment against inflation, so preserving the capital for the future.

Inflation Swap Investments

The College decided in October 2008 to take the opportunity of borrowing £15 million index-linked over 40 years. This took the form of a conventional loan from Santander and an inflation swap contract with HSBC whereby the interest payments on the loan are converted from monetary rates of 4.4% to real rates of 1.1% in return for a cumulative RPI inflation adjustment to the 1.1% interest rate and the value of the loan on repayment. The College is taking advantage of its ability to invest over the very long term at a time of historically very low real interest rates. The annual inflation adjustment to the value of the loan on repayment is capped at a rate of 7%. The £15 million is being invested in global equity tracker funds and left to accumulate over the next 40 years in a ring-fenced fund over which HSBC have a security charge to cover the inflationary liability. The liability to Santander for the conventional loan of £15 million is secured on the College's outlying operational properties valued at £24 million.

During the first period of the 40 year inflation swap (from October 2008 to June 2011) the level of RPI has risen by 8.2%, with the result that the College's liability to Santander and HSBC at June 2011 has increased to £16,226,000.

At June 2011 the College had invested £8 million of the £15 million loan into global equity tracker funds. The intention is to continue to invest in equities over the next year, so as to reach the target of 100% allocation to equities. In 2011 the total return has been £1,189,000 which is added to the Total Return reserves as set out in Note 20. The cumulative net surplus is £3,000,000 at 30 June 2011, reflecting asset growth of £4,226,000 and cumulative RPI liability of £1,226,000.

Based on historical experience, the Governing Body considered that this investment in global equity tracker funds should make a positive real return of more than 4% pa compound, as shown by the performance of global equity markets over 40 year periods since 1900. The Governing Body considered that this positive return would represent a significant addition to the College's Endowment, helping achieve the goal of financial independence in the long term, and outweighed the risks involved. These risks have been limited by the annual 7% inflation cap and, in the event that changed economic circumstances make it appropriate, the College has the right to terminate the loan with Santander and the inflation swap with HSBC early, at the prevailing cost of termination.

Capital Expenditure and Buildings Renewals

Following the completion of Lerner Court (in 2008) and the total refurbishment of Castle End (in 2009), the College reduced the pace of building renewals last year. The cost of repairing the historic buildings represents a substantial financial commitment by the College each year. The aim is to spend 1.5% of the insurance replacement value of the College's operational buildings, which is £133 million. This target of spending each year on repairing and refurbishing the operational buildings has been achieved in recent years. However, this last year the College spent only £1.0 million on building renewals, half of the 1.5% target of £2.0 million. The need to set aside adequate sums to ensure that the ancient buildings are properly maintained over the long term is recognised by the Governing Body.

Financial Review

for the year ended 30 June 2011

Reserves Policy

The College's unrestricted funds and reserves amount to £63 million and are represented in the balance sheet by the College's operational buildings, which are used for teaching and residential purposes, and by part of the investment portfolio. The restricted funds amount to £35 million, represented by part of the investment portfolio.

The College takes a long-term view of the investment portfolio using a total return basis for deciding on the appropriate amount to draw down each year. This is intended to protect the value of the investment portfolio in real terms and, as a result, to strike an equitable balance between the interests of the present members of the College and future generations.

Any new donations or bequests received during the year are added to unrestricted funds, unless the donor has made it clear that the funds are to be spent on a specific project.

Risk Assessment

As part of its supervision of the College's activities, the Finance Committee identifies and considers the major risks to which the College is exposed, and establishes procedures to manage those risks. Although risks can be identified and managed, the College is exposed to a number of risks which cannot be covered by insurance or mitigated in other ways. The age of the historic buildings means that problems can occur without warning and at considerable expense.

Public Benefit as a Charity

The College has complied with its duty regarding public benefit by providing, in conjunction with the University of Cambridge, an education for some 800 undergraduate and graduate students which is recognised internationally as being of the highest standard. This education develops students academically and advances their leadership qualities and interpersonal skills, and so prepares them to play full and effective roles in society. In particular, the College provides:

- teaching facilities and individual or small-group supervision, as well as pastoral, administrative and academic support through its tutorial and graduate mentoring systems;
- social, cultural, musical, recreational and sporting facilities to enable each of its students to realise as much as possible of their academic and personal potential whilst studying at the College;
- specialist choral musical education for its choral students, who make-up the College's internationally renowned choir.

The College advances research through:

- providing Research Fellowships to outstanding academics at the early stages of their careers, which enables them to develop and focus on their research in this formative period before they undertake the full teaching and administrative duties of an academic post;
- supporting research work pursued by its other Fellows through promoting interaction across disciplines, providing facilities and providing grants for national and international conferences, research trips and research materials;
- encouraging visits from outstanding academics from abroad;
- encouraging the dissemination of research undertaken by members of the College through the publication of papers in academic journals or other suitable means.

The College maintains an extensive Library (including important special collections), so providing a valuable resource for students and Fellows of the College, for members of other Colleges and the University of Cambridge more widely, and for external scholars and researchers.

The College's students are the primary beneficiaries of its educational activities. Students are selected in an open application process, based solely on academic merit, and hence form a section of the public that is not unreasonably restricted. The College operates a needs-blind admissions process, and (in conjunction with the University of Cambridge) provides a significant level of bursary support to students who might otherwise be put off from applying by financial concerns. The educational benefits provided by the College extend to students from other Colleges, to visiting schoolchildren, and to the alumni of the College who have the opportunity to attend educational events at the College, and use its academic facilities. Furthermore, the public benefit of the provision of high-quality education goes beyond the benefits to the students themselves. Whether through the vocational skills or the broader intellectual development acquired at the College, its students become qualified to make valuable and distinctive contributions in the public sphere which have a wide public benefit.

The research advanced by the College is disseminated via publications and oral presentations. Its results are therefore publicly available and constitute a clear public benefit. The beneficiaries include the international community of scholars in the fields concerned, and the wider public who benefit through the intellectual, economic, civic and cultural development that is facilitated through the dissemination of high-quality research.

Financial Review for the year ended 30 June 2011

The College within the Community

The College makes a particular point of sharing its facilities with the local community. The College's sports grounds on Bentley Road and the Boat house on the Cam are used extensively by cricket, soccer and rowing clubs within the city. The College grounds in the heart of the city are open to the public for most of the year.

The College is committed to reducing its carbon, water and waste footprint. The College is participating in the Carbon Reduction Commitment scheme, and is actively promoting environmental awareness among Fellows, students and staff.

Professor A J Badger, Master

Mr D P Hearn, Bursar

7 November 2011

Statement of Corporate Governance for the year ended 30 June 2011

1. The following statement is provided by the Governing Body to enable readers of the financial statements to obtain a better understanding of the arrangements in the College for the management of its resources and for audit.
2. The College is a registered charity (registered number 1137531) and is subject to regulation by the Charity Commission for England and Wales.
3. The Governing Body, which consists of the Master, the Fellows and four student members, holds at least three meetings each year. The Council, consisting of the Master, the Senior Tutor and ten Fellows elected by the annual meeting of the Governing Body, and two student members, is responsible for the administration of the College in all matters not specifically assigned to the Governing Body or the Finance Committee. The Finance Committee, consisting of the Master, the Bursars, the Senior Tutor and seven Fellows elected by the Governing Body at its annual meeting, together with two student members, oversees the management of the College estates and investments and administers the revenues in accordance with College Statutes, under the overall direction of the Governing Body. Since the Council and Finance Committee exercise general control and management of the College, their members are the trustees of the charity and are responsible for ensuring compliance with charity law.
4. The Governing Body, Council and Finance Committee are advised in carrying out their duties by a number of Committees including the Audit Committee, Investments Committee, Stipends and Salaries Committee and Estates Committee. Membership of these Committees is set out on page 3. The Audit Committee includes two Clare alumni with extensive experience in professional auditing. While the Investments Committee is chaired by the Master and serviced by the Bursar, all the other members are seasoned City professionals with extensive experience in managing global investments. The Stipends and Salaries Committee advises on the remuneration and benefits of Fellows and staff; the members are not employed by the College and as such are able to make a disinterested assessment of the College's remuneration policies. The Estates Committee is chaired by a member of the Finance Committee and advises on the effective care and maintenance of all the College buildings and oversees the environmental aspects of the College's work.
5. The senior officers of the College are the Master, Senior Tutor, Bursar, Steward, and Development Director. These senior officers meet each week during Term, together with the President of the Fellowship, to review the business of the College.
6. It is the duty of the Audit Committee to keep under review the effectiveness of the College's internal systems of financial and other controls; to advise on the appointment of external auditors; to consider reports submitted by the auditors; to monitor the implementation of recommendations made by the auditors; and to make an annual report to the Finance Committee. During the year, the external audit was put out to tender. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP have been appointed auditors for the year ended 30 June 2012.
7. There is a Register of Interests for members of the Finance Committee and Council including all the senior officers. Declarations of interest are made systematically at meetings.

Statement of Internal Control for the year ended 30 June 2011

1. The Finance Committee is responsible for maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the College's policies, aims and objectives while safeguarding funds and assets for which the Governing Body is responsible, in accordance with the College's Statutes.
2. The system of internal control is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve College policies, aims and objectives; it therefore provides reasonable but not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is designed to identify the principal risks to achieving those policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the nature and extent of those risks and to manage them efficiently, effectively, and economically. This process was in place for the year ended 30 June 2011 and up to the date of approval of the financial statements.
3. The Finance Committee is responsible for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. The following processes have been established:
 - a) The Finance Committee meets six times through the year.
 - b) The Audit Committee meets twice each year. It receives reports from the external auditors, including their independent opinion on the adequacy and the effectiveness of the College's system of internal control and risk management together with recommendations for improvement.
 - c) The Finance Committee reviews the effectiveness of the system of internal control as informed by the work of the Audit Committee, Bursar and College officers, who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework, and by comments made by the external auditors in their management letter and other reports.
 - d) The Finance Committee compares the College's costs and operational performance against the key performance indicators produced for all Cambridge Colleges to identify those areas where improvements can best be made.
4. The Finance Committee and the Audit Committee review the Risk Register which is checked and updated each year by the senior administrative staff and considered in detail by the College officers.

Responsibilities of the Governing Body for the year ended 30 June 2011

1. The Governing Body is responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).
2. In accordance with the College Statutes, the Finance Committee is responsible for the management of the College's estates and the administration of the College's revenues, subject to the overall control of the Governing Body. The Finance Committee is responsible for ensuring that there is an effective system of internal control and that accounting records are properly kept.
3. The College Statutes and the Statutes and Ordinances of the University of Cambridge require the Governing Body to prepare financial statements for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the College and of the surplus or deficit of the College for that period. In preparing those financial statements the Governing Body is required to:
 - select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
 - make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
 - state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
 - prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the College will continue in operation.
4. The Governing Body is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the College and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Statutes of the University of Cambridge. They have general responsibilities for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the College and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.
5. The Governing Body is responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the College's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Governing Body for the year ended 30 June 2011

We have audited the financial statements of Clare College for the year ended 30 June 2011 which comprise the consolidated income and expenditure account, the consolidated statement of total recognised gains and losses, the consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated cash flow statement and related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the College's Governing Body as a body in accordance with the College's Statutes and the Statutes of the University of Cambridge. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Governing Body those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the College and the College's Governing Body as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities for the Governing Body and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities of the Governing Body, the Governing Body is responsible for the preparation of financial statements which give a true and fair view.

We have been appointed as auditors under section 43 of the Charities Act 1993 and report in accordance with regulations made under section 44 of that Act. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the College's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Governing Body and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial information in the Financial Review to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion of financial statements

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the College's affairs as at 30 June 2011 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 1993, the College's Statutes and the Statutes of the University of Cambridge;
- the contribution due from the College to the University has been correctly computed as advised in the provisional assessment by the University of Cambridge and in accordance with the provisions of Statute G, II, of the University of Cambridge;
- in all material respects income received from the University of Cambridge out of grants from the Higher Education Funding Council for England during the year ended 30 June 2011 has been applied to the purposes for which it was received.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Governing Body for the year ended 30 June 2011

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Charities Act 1993 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the Governing Body's Financial Review is inconsistent in any material respect with the financial statements; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Prentis & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
115c Milton Road
Cambridge
CB4 1XE

7 November 2011

Prentis & Co LLP is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

Statement of Principal Accounting Policies for the year ended 30 June 2011

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Statutes of the College and of the University of Cambridge and applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. In addition, the financial statements comply with the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education (the SORP).

The income and expenditure account includes activity analysis in order to demonstrate that the College is satisfying its obligations to the University of Cambridge with regard to the use of public funds. The analysis of expenditure by activity, required by the SORP, is set out in the notes.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified in respect of the treatment of investments which are included at valuation.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the College and its subsidiary undertaking. Intra-group balances are eliminated on consolidation.

The consolidated financial statements do not include the activities of student societies as these are separate bodies in which the College had no financial interest and over whose policy decisions it has no control.

A separate balance sheet and related notes for the College are not included in the financial statements because the College's subsidiary company designs and builds student accommodation only for the College and the balance sheet would not be materially different to the one included in the financial statements.

Recognition of income

Academic Fees

Academic fees are recognised in the period to which they relate and include all fees chargeable to students or their sponsors. The costs of any fees waived or written off by the College are included as expenditure.

Donations and benefactions

Charitable donations are recognised on receipt or where there is certainty of future receipt and the value can be measured reliably. The accounting treatment of a donation depends on the nature and extent of restrictions specified by the donor. Donations with no substantial restrictions are recognised as income in the income and expenditure account. Donations which are to be retained for the future benefit of the College, and other donations with substantially restricted purposes (other than for the acquisition or construction of tangible fixed assets) are recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses as new endowments.

Capital donations

Donations are received for the purpose of funding the acquisition and construction of tangible fixed assets. In the case of depreciable assets these are credited to deferred capital donations when the related capital expenditure is incurred and released to income over the estimated useful life of the respective assets in line with the depreciation policy. Donations of, or for the acquisition of, freehold land or heritage assets, which are non-depreciable assets, are credited to the income and expenditure account in the year of acquisition.

Other income

Income is received from a range of activities including residences, catering and conferences. Income is recognised on the exchange of the relevant services.

Endowment and investment income

The College invests its main endowment and its inflation swap investment portfolio and allocates a proportion of the related earnings and capital appreciation to the income and expenditure account as a drawdown in accordance with the total return concept. The main endowment drawdown is determined by a spending rule which is designed to stabilise annual spending levels and to preserve the real value of the endowment portfolio over time. The surplus or deficiency of total return, after deducting the annual drawdown, is included in the statement of recognised gains and losses for both the main endowment and the inflation swap investments.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at year end rates or, where there are forward foreign exchange contracts, at contract rates. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the determination of the income and expenditure for the financial year.

Statement of Principal Accounting Policies for the year ended 30 June 2011

Tangible Fixed Assets

Land and buildings

Land and buildings held for operational purposes are stated at cost. Certain historic buildings are stated at nil value as it is not possible to ascertain their original cost.

Freehold buildings and major refurbishments of the buildings are depreciated on a straight line basis over the expected useful economic life of 50 years and 25 years respectively. Freehold land is not depreciated.

Where buildings are acquired with the aid of specific donations they are capitalised and depreciated as above. The related donations are credited to a deferred capital account and are released to the income and expenditure account over the expected useful economic life of the related asset on a basis consistent with the depreciation policy.

Buildings under construction are valued at cost, based on architects' certificates and other direct costs. They are not depreciated until they are brought into use.

Maintenance and renewal of premises

The College has a five-year rolling maintenance plan, which is reviewed on an annual basis. The cost of routine maintenance is charged to the income and expenditure account as it is incurred.

Furniture, fittings and equipment

Furniture, fittings and equipment costing less than £3,000 per individual item or group of related items is written off in the year of acquisition. All other assets are capitalised and depreciated over their expected useful life as follows:

Furniture and fittings	10% per annum
Motor vehicles and general equipment	20% per annum
Computer equipment	25% per annum

Where equipment is acquired with the aid of specific donations it is capitalised and depreciated as above. The related donations are credited to a deferred capital account and are released to the income and expenditure account over the expected useful economic life of the related asset on a basis consistent with the depreciation policy.

Heritage assets

The College holds and conserves a numbers of collections, exhibits, artefacts and other assets of historical, artistic and scientific importance. In accordance with FRS 15 and FRS 30 (Heritage assets) heritage assets acquired before 1 July 1999 have not been capitalised since reliable estimates of cost or value are not available on a cost-benefit basis. Acquisitions since 1 July 1999 have been capitalised at cost, or in the case of donated assets, at expert valuation on receipt. Heritage assets are not depreciated since their long economic life and high residual value mean that any depreciation would not be material.

Investments

Fixed asset investments and endowment assets are included in the balance sheet at mid-market value, except for investments in subsidiary undertakings which are stated in the College's balance sheet at cost and eliminated on consolidation. Investments that are not listed on a recognised stock exchange are carried at historical cost less any provision for impairment in their value.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the College has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Statement of Principal Accounting Policies for the year ended 30 June 2011

Taxation

The College is a registered charity (number 1137531) and also a charity within the meaning of Section 506 (1) of the Taxes Act 1988. Accordingly, the College is exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within the categories covered by Section 505 of the Taxes Act 1988 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 to the extent that such income or gains are applied to exclusively charitable purposes. The College receives no similar exemption in respect of Value Added Tax.

Contribution under Statute G, II

The College is liable to be assessed for Contribution under the provisions of Statute G, II of the University of Cambridge. Contribution is used to fund grants to colleges from the Colleges' Fund. The College may from time to time be eligible for such grants. The liability for the year is advised to the College by the University based on an assessable amount derived from the value of the College's assets as at the end of the previous financial year.

Pension costs

The College operates a defined contribution pension scheme mainly for non-academic employees which is contracted into the State Second Pension (S2P) and it also participates in the Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS), a defined benefit scheme mainly for academic employees. USS is externally funded and is contracted out of the State Second Pension. The assets of both schemes are held in separate trustee-administered funds. For the Universities Superannuation Scheme the College is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme on a consistent and reliable basis and therefore, as required by FRS17 'Retirement Benefits', accounts for the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. As a result, the amount charged to the income and expenditure account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

Consolidated Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 30 June 2011

	Notes	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Income			
Academic fees and charges	1	2,312	2,218
Residences, catering and conferences	2	5,264	4,826
Endowment drawdown	3b	2,570	2,930
Donations	4	536	920
Capital donations released	17	175	173
Donated heritage assets	9	50	-
Profit on sale of assets		-	502
Other income		87	79
Total income		10,994	11,648
Expenditure			
Education	5	4,074	4,171
Residences, catering and conferences	6	5,260	4,963
Other expenditure		773	912
Total expenditure		10,107	10,046
Operating surplus on continuing operations		887	1,602
Contribution to Colleges' Fund		46	37
Net surplus on continuing operations		841	1,565
Transfer to accumulated income within restricted expendable capital		(77)	-
Surplus for the year retained within general reserves		764	1,565

Consolidated Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses for the year ended 30 June 2011

	Notes	Restricted Funds £'000	Unrestricted Funds £'000	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Surplus on income and expenditure account		-	764	764	1,565
Reinvested trust fund receipts and income retained		77	-	77	-
Surplus on Total Return:					
Main endowment	3a	2,636	3,209	5,845	5,846
Inflation swap investments	3c	-	1,189	1,189	418
New endowments	18	1,098	-	1,098	1,117
Total recognised gains relating to the year		3,811	5,162	8,973	8,946
Reconciliation					
Opening reserves and endowments		23,014	58,361	81,375	72,429
Total recognised gains for the year		3,811	5,162	8,973	8,946
Closing reserves and endowments		26,825	63,523	90,348	81,375
Deferred capital donations		7,800	-	7,800	7,749
TOTAL FUNDS		34,625	63,523	98,148	89,124

Consolidated Balance Sheet for the year ended 30 June 2011

	Notes		2011 £'000	2010 £'000	
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	9		24,998	25,870	
Investments	10		28,677	22,915	
Inflation swap investments	11		19,226	17,234	
			<u>72,901</u>	<u>66,019</u>	
Endowment assets					
Endowment investments	10		40,834	38,345	
Current assets					
Stock	12		315	338	
Debtors	13		1,327	1,508	
Cash at bank	14		1,703	1,428	
			<u>3,345</u>	<u>3,274</u>	
Creditors : amounts falling due within one year	15		2,706	3,092	
			<u>639</u>	<u>182</u>	
Net current assets					
			<u>639</u>	<u>182</u>	
Total assets less current liabilities					
			114,374	104,546	
Creditors : amounts falling due after more than one year	16		16,226	15,422	
			<u>16,226</u>	<u>15,422</u>	
NET ASSETS					
			<u>98,148</u>	<u>89,124</u>	
		Restricted Funds	Unrestricted Funds	2011	2010
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Deferred capital donations	17	7,800	-	7,800	7,749
Endowments					
Expendable endowments	18	614	-	614	19,611
Permanent endowments	18	26,211	14,009	40,220	18,734
		<u>26,825</u>	<u>14,009</u>	<u>40,834</u>	<u>38,345</u>
Reserves					
General reserve	19	-	20,837	20,837	20,115
Fixed asset investment reserve	19	-	28,677	28,677	22,915
		<u>-</u>	<u>49,514</u>	<u>49,514</u>	<u>43,030</u>
TOTAL FUNDS					
		<u>34,625</u>	<u>63,523</u>	<u>98,148</u>	<u>89,124</u>

The financial statements on pages 15 to 32 were approved by the Governing Body on 7 November 2011 and signed on their behalf by:

Professor A J Badger, Master

Mr D P Hearn, Bursar

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 30 June 2011

	Notes	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Net cash inflow from operating activities	21	(622)	(716)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	22	2,364	2,117
Capital expenditure and financial investment	22	(1,467)	(1,717)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Decrease in cash in the year		275	(316)
Net liquid funds at start of year		1,428	1,744
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net liquid funds at end of year		1,703	1,428
		<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2011

1 Academic fees and charges

	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Fee income paid on behalf of undergraduates at the publicly-funded undergraduate rate:per capita fee £3,861 (2010:£3,744)	1,690	1,638
Privately-funded undergraduate fee income:per capita fee £5,835 (2010:£5,305)	242	177
Fee income received at the graduate fee rate:per capita fee £2,229 (2010:£2,184)	369	393
Other income	11	10
	<u>2,312</u>	<u>2,218</u>

2 Income from residences,catering and conferences

Accommodation	College members	2,366	2,188
	Conferences	1,015	845
Catering	College members	924	778
	Conferences	959	1,015
		<u>5,264</u>	<u>4,826</u>

3a Total return on investments

Actual income from:			
Land and buildings	827	687	
Quoted equity securities	1,305	882	
Fixed interest securities	295	644	
Other interest receivable	110	53	
	<u>2,537</u>	<u>2,266</u>	
Gains/(losses) on endowment assets:			
Land and buildings	(336)	(671)	
Quoted and other securities and cash	6,483	7,400	
Investment management costs (note 3b)	(82)	(79)	
Total return on investments	<u>8,602</u>	<u>8,916</u>	
Endowment drawdown included in income and expenditure account	2,570	2,930	
Share of total return to College student societies	187	140	
Surplus on total return included within statement of total recognised gains and losses	<u>5,845</u>	<u>5,846</u>	
Total return on investments (note 20)	<u>8,602</u>	<u>8,916</u>	

The endowment and fixed assets investments are accounted for on a total return basis. The total actual income and gains/losses in the year are taken to a reserve, from which the planned endowment drawdown is released to the income and expenditure account. The remaining balance of the total return, after deducting the drawdown, is accumulated within the reserves, as set out in note 20.

3b Investment management costs

Land and buildings	39	31
Quoted securities	27	38
Fixed interest securities	-	-
Other investments	-	4
Cash	16	6
Total	<u>82</u>	<u>79</u>

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2011

	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
3c Total return on inflation swap contracts		
Actual income from:		
Quoted securities	248	216
Other interest receivable	36	24
	<u>284</u>	<u>240</u>
Gains on inflation swap asset	1,897	1,555
Inflation-linked amount due to HSBC (note 16)	(804)	(1,207)
Interest and fees (note 3d)	(188)	(170)
Total return on inflation swap contracts (note 20)	<u>1,189</u>	<u>418</u>

The inflation swap contracts are accounted for on a total return basis. The total actual income and gains/losses in the year is accumulated within the reserves, as set out in note 20. There is no drawdown permitted under the terms of the inflation swap.

3d Interest and fees on inflation swap contracts

Interest paid to HSBC	177	168
Interest paid to Santander	666	666
	<u>843</u>	<u>834</u>
Interest received from HSBC	666	666
	<u>177</u>	<u>168</u>
Fees on inflation swap investments	11	2
	<u>188</u>	<u>170</u>

Interest paid to Santander and to/from HSBC is calculated on the £15 million loan and inflation swap repayable in 2048 (note 16).

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2011

4 Donations

	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Unrestricted donations included in income and expenditure account	536	920
Restricted donations included in statement of recognised gains and losses	1,324	1,422
Released from deferred capital donations (note 17)	175	173
	<u>2,035</u>	<u>2,515</u>

5 Education expenditure

Teaching	2,143	2,114
Tutorial	722	683
Admissions	393	359
Research	334	315
Scholarships and awards	348	570
Other educational facilities	134	130
	<u>4,074</u>	<u>4,171</u>

6 Residences,catering and conferences expenditure

Accommodation	College members	2,690	2,614
	Conferences	1,069	1,036
Catering	College members	995	853
	Conferences	506	460
		<u>5,260</u>	<u>4,963</u>

7a Analysis of 2011 expenditure by activity

	Staff costs	Other	Depreciation	2011
	(note 8)	expenses	£'000	£'000
	£'000	£'000		
Education	2,162	1,465	447	4,074
Residences,catering and conferences	2,478	1,765	1,017	5,260
Fundraising and alumni relations	198	141	-	339
Other	-	434	-	434
	<u>4,838</u>	<u>3,805</u>	<u>1,464</u>	<u>10,107</u>

7b Analysis of 2010 expenditure by activity

	Staff costs	Other	Depreciation	2010
	(note 8)	expenses	£'000	£'000
	£'000	£'000		
Education	2,132	1,684	355	4,171
Residences,catering and conferences	2,394	1,758	811	4,963
Fundraising and alumni relations	217	112	-	329
Other	-	583	-	583
	<u>4,743</u>	<u>4,137</u>	<u>1,166</u>	<u>10,046</u>

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2011

7c Auditors' remuneration

	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Other operating expenses include:		
Audit fees payable to the College's external auditors	13	12
Other fees payable to the College's external auditors	1	-
	<u>14</u>	<u>12</u>

8 Staff costs

	College Fellows £'000	Other academic £'000	Non-academic £'000	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Emoluments	1,027	257	2,942	4,226	4,098
Social security costs	53	-	254	307	325
Other pension costs (see note 24)	90	-	215	305	320
	<u>1,170</u>	<u>257</u>	<u>3,411</u>	<u>4,838</u>	<u>4,743</u>

Average numbers:

College Fellows who are also members of the Governing Body, of whom 66 were remunerated (2010 : 60)	91	93
Non-academic staff : full time equivalents	<u>122</u>	<u>126</u>
Total	<u>213</u>	<u>219</u>

No College officer or employee, including the Head of House, received emoluments of over £100,000.

9 Tangible Fixed Assets

	Freehold land and buildings £'000	Furniture, fittings and equipment £'000	Heritage assets £'000	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Cost					
At start of year	32,302	2,681	-	34,983	34,618
Additions and improvements at cost	418	124	50	592	474
Disposals at cost	-	(4)	-	(4)	(109)
At end of year	<u>32,720</u>	<u>2,801</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>35,571</u>	<u>34,983</u>
Depreciation					
At start of year	7,830	1,283	-	9,113	8,041
Charge for the year	1,185	279	-	1,464	1,166
Eliminated on disposals	-	(4)	-	(4)	(94)
At end of year	<u>9,015</u>	<u>1,558</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10,573</u>	<u>9,113</u>
Net book value					
At end of year	<u>23,705</u>	<u>1,243</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>24,998</u>	
At start of year	<u>24,472</u>	<u>1,398</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>25,870</u>	

All the historic buildings are stated at nil value, as it is not possible to ascertain their original cost.

The insured value of all the College's operational buildings as at 30 June 2011 was £133 million (2010 : £116 million).

The Santander loan, as set out in note 16, is secured against certain outlying properties with a market value of £24 million as at October 2008.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2011

9 Tangible Fixed Assets (continued)

The College holds and conserves certain collections, artifacts and other assets of historical, artistic or scientific importance. As stated in the statement of principal accounting policies, heritage assets acquired since 1999 have been capitalised. However, the assets held in the College's collections were acquired prior to this date. As reliable estimates of cost or valuation are not available for these on a cost-benefit basis, they have not been capitalised. As a result the total included in the balance sheet is partial.

Amounts for the current and previous years were as follows:

	2011 £'000	1999 - 2010 £'000
Acquisitions purchased with specific donations	-	-
Acquisitions purchased with College funds	-	-
Total cost of acquisitions purchased	-	-
Value of acquisitions by donation	50	-
Total acquisitions capitalised	50	-

10 Endowment and fixed asset investments

	Securities and cash £'000	Property £'000	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Market value at start of year	50,206	11,054	61,260	51,419
Acquisitions at cost	3,637	575	4,212	8,917
Proceeds on disposal	(1,808)	(300)	(2,108)	(5,805)
Realised (loss)/gain on disposal	(262)	-	(262)	874
Net gain/(loss) on revaluation	6,745	(336)	6,409	5,855
Market value at end of year	58,518	10,993	69,511	61,260
Represented by:				
Property investment			10,993	11,054
Quoted securities - equities			41,398	33,722
Quoted securities - fixed interest			3,324	5,095
Unquoted securities - equities			1,184	829
Cash held for reinvestment			12,612	10,560
Total			69,511	61,260
Fixed asset investments			28,677	22,915
Endowment assets (note 18)			40,834	38,345
Total			69,511	61,260

11 Inflation swap investments

	Securities £'000	Cash £'000	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Market value at start of year	9,988	7,246	17,234	15,609
Acquisitions at cost	230	-	230	240
Proceeds on disposal	-	(135)	(135)	(170)
Net gain on revaluation	1,897	-	1,897	1,555
Market value at end of year	12,115	7,111	19,226	17,234
Represented by:				
Quoted securities - equities			12,115	9,988
Cash held for reinvestment			7,111	7,246
Market value at end of year			19,226	17,234

The inflation swap investments are secured against the inflation-linked liability payable to HSBC in 2048, as set out in note 16.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2011

12 Stocks

	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Goods for resale	312	335
Other stocks	3	3
Total	<u>315</u>	<u>338</u>

13 Debtors

Members of the College	143	136
University fees	9	9
Other debtors	295	265
Prepayments and accrued income	880	1,098
	<u>1,327</u>	<u>1,508</u>

14 Cash and bank balances

Bank deposits	722	1,260
Current accounts	976	164
Cash in hand	5	4
	<u>1,703</u>	<u>1,428</u>

15 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

Trade creditors	258	385
Members of the College	295	232
College student societies	1,453	1,282
Contribution to Colleges' fund	46	37
Other creditors	90	399
Accruals and deferred income	564	757
	<u>2,706</u>	<u>3,092</u>

The College holds investments totalling £1,428,000 on behalf of student societies represented by the amounts included in creditors.

16 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

Loan repayable in 2048 to Santander	15,000	15,000
Inflation-linked amount due to HSBC	1,226	422
	<u>16,226</u>	<u>15,422</u>

On October 2008 the College entered into a contract with Santander to borrow £15 million at 4.4% repayable in full in October 2048 and with HSBC for an inflation swap to turn the conventional loan into an index-linked loan at a real interest rate of 1.1%. This inflation swap includes a 7% inflation cap. The Santander loan of £15 million is secured against outlying operational properties with a market value of £24 million (net book value £7.5 million). The HSBC inflation swap is secured on the £15 million investment fund over which HSBC has a lien. The College is investing the £15 million in global equity tracker funds, accumulating income over the next 40 years to meet the RPI index-linked liability to HSBC and the £15 million liability to Santander.

At 30 June 2011 the value of the investments was £19,226,000 (2010:£17,234,000) and the liabilities to Santander and HSBC totalled £16,226,000. The increase of £804,000 in the inflation-linked liability during the year is shown as a reduction on total return as set out in note 3c and the liability is included in creditors in note 16.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2011

17 Deferred capital donations

	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Balance at start of year	7,749	7,617
Donations received for Lerner Court	226	305
Released to income and expenditure account	(175)	(173)
Balance at end of year	<u>7,800</u>	<u>7,749</u>

18 Endowments

	Unrestricted Permanent £'000	Restricted Permanent £'000	Total Permanent £'000	Restricted Expendable £'000	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Balance at start of year:						
Capital	4,605	14,729	19,334	-	19,334	16,142
Unspent income	10,726	7,856	18,582	429	19,011	20,307
New endowments received	-	857	857	241	1,098	1,117
Income receivable from endowment asset investments	618	910	1,528	19	1,547	1,221
Expenditure	(3,317)	(717)	(4,034)	(135)	(4,169)	(3,856)
Increase in market value of investments	1,377	2,576	3,953	60	4,013	3,414
Balance at end of year	<u>14,009</u>	<u>26,211</u>	<u>40,220</u>	<u>614</u>	<u>40,834</u>	<u>38,345</u>
Comprising:						
Capital	5,107	17,276	22,383	-	22,383	18,734
Unspent income	8,902	8,935	17,837	614	18,451	19,611
	<u>14,009</u>	<u>26,211</u>	<u>40,220</u>	<u>614</u>	<u>40,834</u>	<u>38,345</u>

Representing:

Fellowship funds	6,260	8,199
Scholarship funds	13,964	12,583
Prize funds	1,197	1,032
Hardship funds	5,273	4,772
Bursary funds	2,476	1,531
Travel grant funds	621	602
Building renewals fund	5,510	4,868
General endowments	5,533	4,758
	<u>40,834</u>	<u>38,345</u>

The investment return on the endowment is apportioned to all relevant restricted and unrestricted funds.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2011

19 Reserves

	General reserves £'000	Fixed asset investment reserve £'000	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Balance at start of year	20,115	22,915	43,030	37,109
Surplus retained for the year	722	3,366	4,088	3,480
Increase in market value of investments	-	2,396	2,396	2,441
Balance at end of year	<u>20,837</u>	<u>28,677</u>	<u>49,514</u>	<u>43,030</u>

20 Memorandum of Total Return Reserves

Within the reserves representing investments held by the College, the following are the cumulative surpluses of total return on the main investment portfolio and on the inflation swap investments and liabilities (after deducting the drawdowns) since 1 July 1999 :

	Main investments £'000	Inflation swap investments £'000	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Balance at start of year	12,055	1,811	13,866	7,602
Surplus of total return for year (note 3)	<u>5,845</u>	<u>1,189</u>	<u>7,034</u>	<u>6,264</u>
Balance at end of year	<u>17,900</u>	<u>3,000</u>	<u>20,900</u>	<u>13,866</u>

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2011

21 Reconciliation of consolidated operating surplus to net cash inflow from operating activities

	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Surplus on continuing operations	841	1,565
Depreciation on tangible fixed assets	1,464	1,166
Surplus on disposal of tangible fixed assets	-	(502)
Deferred capital grants released to income	(175)	(173)
Endowment drawdown	(2,570)	(2,930)
Decrease in stocks	23	14
Decrease/(Increase) in debtors	181	(545)
(Decrease)/Increase in creditors	(386)	689
Net cash inflow from operating activities	<u>(622)</u>	<u>(716)</u>

22 Cash flows

	2011	2010
	£'000	£'000
Returns on investments and servicing of finance		
Endowment and investment income received	2,537	2,266
Income from inflation swap investments	284	240
Share to College student societies	(187)	(140)
Interest and investment management costs paid	(270)	(249)
Net cash inflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance	<u>2,364</u>	<u>2,117</u>

Capital expenditure and financial investment

Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(592)	(474)
Donations for buildings received	226	305
Endowments received	1,098	1,117
Proceeds on disposal of tangible fixed assets	-	517
Proceeds on disposal of endowment investments	2,108	5,805
Purchase of endowment investments	(4,212)	(8,917)
Proceeds on disposal of inflation swap investments	135	170
Purchase of inflation swap investments	(230)	(240)
Net cash outflow from capital expenditure and financial investment	<u>(1,467)</u>	<u>(1,717)</u>

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2011

24 Pension Schemes

The College operates a defined contribution pension scheme mainly for non-academic employees which is contracted into the State Second Pension (S2P) and it also participates in the Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS), a defined benefit scheme mainly for academic employees. USS is externally funded and is contracted out of the State Second Pension. The assets of both schemes are held in separate trustee-administered funds. For the Universities Superannuation Scheme the College is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme on a consistent and reliable basis and therefore, as required by FRS17 'Retirement Benefits', accounts for the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. As a result, the amount charged to the income and expenditure account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

The total pension cost for the College was £304,000 (2010: £320,000). The contribution rate payable by the College was 16% of pensionable salaries for the USS (£90,000 in 2011) and was 11.3% for the College's defined contribution scheme (£214,000 in 2011).

The latest triennial actuarial valuation of the USS was at 31 March 2008. This was the first valuation for USS under the new scheme-specific funding regime introduced by the Pensions Act 2004, which requires schemes to adopt a statutory funding objective, which is to have sufficient and appropriate assets to cover their technical provisions. The actuary also carries out regular reviews of the funding levels. In particular, he carries out a review of the funding level each year between triennial valuations and details of his estimates of the funding level at 31 March 2011 are also included in this note.

The triennial valuation was carried out using the projected unit method. The assumptions which have the most significant effect on the result of the valuation are those relating to the rate of return on investments (ie the valuation rate of interest), the rates of increase in salary and pensions and the assumed rates of mortality. The financial assumptions were derived from market yields prevailing at the valuation date. An 'inflation risk premium' adjustment was also included by deducting 0.3% from the market-implied inflation on account of the historically high level of inflation implied by government bonds (particularly when compared to the Bank of England's target of 2% for CPI which corresponds broadly to 2.75% for RPI per annum).

To calculate the technical provisions, it was assumed that the valuation rate of interest would be 6.4% per annum (which includes an additional assumed investment return over gilts of 2% per annum), salary increases would be 4.3% per annum (plus an additional allowance for increases in salaries due to age and promotion reflecting historic scheme experience, with a further cautionary reserve on top for past service liabilities) and pensions would increase by 3.3% per annum.

At the valuation date, the market value of the assets of the scheme was £28,842.6 million and the value of the scheme's technical provisions was £28,135.3 million indicating a surplus of £707.3 million. The assets therefore were sufficient to cover 103% of the benefits which had accrued to members after allowing for expected future increase in earnings.

The actuary also valued the scheme on a number of other bases as at the valuation date. On the scheme's historic gilts basis, using a valuation rate of interest in respect of past service liabilities of 4.4% per annum (the expected return on gilts) the funding level was approximately 71%. Under the Pension Protection Fund regulations introduced by the Pensions Act 2004 the Scheme was 107% funded; on a buy-out basis (ie assuming the scheme had discontinued on the valuation date) the assets would have been approximately 79% of the amount necessary to secure all the USS benefits with an insurance company; and using the FRS17 formula as if USS was a single employer scheme, using a AA bond discount rate of 6.5% per annum based on spot yields, the actuary estimated that the funding level at 31 March 2008 was 104%.

The technical provisions relate essentially to the past service liabilities and funding levels, but it is also necessary to assess the ongoing cost of newly accruing benefits. The cost of future accrual was calculated using the same assumptions as those used to calculate the technical provisions except that the valuation rate of interest assumed asset outperformance over gilts of 1.7% per annum (compared to 2% per annum for the technical provisions) giving a discount rate of 6.1% per annum: also the allowance for promotional salary increases was not as high. There is currently uncertainty in the sector regarding pay growth. Analysis has shown very variable levels of growth over and above general pay increases in recent years, and the salary growth assumption built into the cost of future accrual is based on more stable, historic, salary experience. However, when calculating the past service liabilities of the scheme, a cautionary reserve has been included, in addition, on account of the variability mentioned above.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2011

24 Pension Schemes (continued)

Since 31 March 2008 global investment markets have continued to fluctuate and as at 31 March 2011 the market's assessment of inflation has increased slightly. The government has also announced a change to the inflation measure used in determining the 'Official Pensions Index' from the Retail Prices Index to the Consumer Prices Index. The actuary has taken this all into account in his funding level estimates at 31 March 2011 by reducing the assumption for pension increases from 3.3% pa to 2.9% pa. The actuary has estimated that the funding level as at 31 March 2011 under the scheme specific funding regime had fallen from 103% to 98% (a deficit of circa £700 million).

Over the past twelve months, the funding level has improved from 91%, as at 31 March 2010 to 98%. This estimate is based on the funding level at 31 March 2008, adjusted to reflect the fund's actual investment performance over the three year and changes in market conditions (market conditions affect both the valuation rate of interest and also the inflation assumptions which in turn impacts on the salary and pension increase assumptions). The next formal valuation is at 31 March 2011 and this will incorporate updated assumptions agreed by the trustee company.

With effect from 1 October 2011, new joiners to the scheme will join the new career revalued benefits section rather than the existing final salary section. This change will have an impact, expected to be positive, on the future funding levels.

On the FRS17 basis, using a AA bond discount rate of 5.5% per annum based on spot yields, the actuary estimated that the funding level at 31 March 2011 was 86%. An estimate of the funding level measured on a buy-out basis at that date was approximately 54%.

The College contribution rate required for future service benefits alone at the date of the valuation was 16% of pensionable salaries and the trustee company, on the advice of the actuary, agreed to increase the College contribution rate to 16% of pensionable salaries from 1 October 2009.

Surpluses or deficits which arise at future valuations may impact on the College's future contribution commitment. A deficit may require additional funding in the form of higher contribution requirements, whereas a surplus could, perhaps, be used to similarly reduce contribution requirements.

USS is a 'last man standing' scheme so that in the event of the insolvency of any participating employers in the USS, the amount of any pension funding shortfall (which can not otherwise be recovered) in respect of that employer will be spread across the remaining participant employers and reflected in the next actuarial valuation of the scheme.

The next formal triennial actuarial valuation is due as at 31 March 2011 and will incorporate allowance for scheme benefit changes and any changes the trustee makes to the underlying actuarial assumptions. The contribution rate will be reviewed as part of each valuation and may be reviewed more frequently.

In the event of the College ceasing to have any contributing members there would be a liability in respect of a proportion of the deficit. At 31 March 2011, USS had over 142,000 active members and the College has 21 active members participating in this scheme. The College has no current intention of ceasing to participate in the scheme, and in such an event the liability would not be significant.